The Ethics of Scientific Publishing in the Digital Era at the International Webinar of the Young Accounting Scholars Association

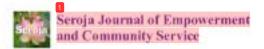
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ABSTRACT

The objectives of this community service are in profile assumence and understanding of scientific publication offices among researchers, academics, and students. This methodology describes the proceeding and steps for organizing an information community service websens via Zoom. The target audience uncloseds academic into researchers from Indonesian universities, business professionals and infusion experts, community leaders and pulscymakers, as well as students and joint professionals within interest in accounting, both from Indonesia and abrush. The community survice stars assesses the success of the event by evoluting participant faedback, attendance rates, and levels of engagement. We also examine the websit of a effectiveness in promoting knowledge sharing and foetening informational collaboration. A comprehensive region summaring the key findings and offering recommendations for future webtians is then prepared. The digital era offers tremendous opportunities to accolorate the publication process, unhance the accountificially of research, and expand academic impact. However, challenges such as plagarism, productory publishing, self-plagistism, and efficial data sharing destand that academics are with greater caution and responsibility. Future community service initiatives should focus on building digital literacy in publication offices.

Keywords: Ethics; Scientific: Publication: Digital: Community Service-

Eighly: Education; Digital; Ethrey

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SDGs: Quality Education (4); Inflistry, Innovation, and Infrastructure (9); Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions (16); Partnerships for the Goals (17)

INTRODUCTION

Scientific publication ethics refers to a set of principles, rules, and guidelines that govern the preparation, sorting, and dissentination of research work (Par. 2020). Its primary purpose is to maintain ocademic integrity, crosser originality, and respect intellectual contributions. Key clements include honeavy in presenting data without labrication or plagiarism, transparency in methods and results, accountability for published content, and respect for intellectual property through proper citation.

Upholding publication ethics protects the credibility of research, supports the advancement of knowledge, and safeguards the reputation of both researchers and institutions (Renolde et al., 2024). Violations such as data manipulation or plugiarism damage individual and academic trust, whereas adherence to othical stondards ensures scientific accountability and reinforces public confidence in research findings.

The objectives of this community service are to promote awareness and understanding of scientific publication efficis among researchers, scademics, and endourse to encourage bonnet, transporters, and esquentible research and publication gractices; to strengthen the credibility and integrity of academic works within the scientific community; to prevent efficiel relations such as glagianism, data manipulation, and conflicts of interest; and to support the development of a professional and otheral research relature in academic institutions.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Community Service

Community service refers to efforts aimed at addressing the existing needs of a community to solve in problems. This service can take the form of physical development, such as improvements in health, education, transportation, and religious sectors. Another type of community service arrelyes providing effort to meet the community's needs for problem-solving, also through physical development in areas like health, education, reasportation, and religion (Alfariz et al., 2019; Nyoto et al., 2022; Renaldo et al., 2023; Sudamo et al., 2022; Suverne et al., 2022.

Fundamental Principles of Scientific Publication Ethics

Honesty: All data, findings, and interpretations must be reported accurately, without manipulation, fabrication, or emission of relevant information. Transparency: The research process, including mediodology and data, must be clearly explained to allow readers to verify the results. This also includes the declaration of any conflicts of interest. Respect for Intel Bootast Property: Property acknowledge the work of others through correct citation. This involves not only avoiding plagiarism but also respecting copyrights, licenses, and proprietary data belonging to individuals or institutions.



Community Service Design

This methodology describes the steps and procedures for hosting an international community set 1 ewebraar through Zoom. Scheduled for Journary 4th, 2025, the event seeks to promote knowledge sharing and collocration aroung over 100 participants from Indonesia and alread. The webraar is organized with the support of Joseph Conduction on Made Alexandro (ICMA).

Target Audiences

The target audience includes academicians and researchers from Indonesian universities, business practitioners and industry specialists, community leaders and policymulers, as well as students and young professionals with an inversit in accounting, both from indonesia and obvious.

Pre-Webinar Preparation

Pre-uchinar preparations for the community service event include:

- Organizing Committee Formation: Designate toles such as event coordinator, technical support team, maderators, and speakers.
- 2. Speaker Recruitment: Invite 1 biscation experts to serve as speakers.
- Platform Preparation: Set up Zeron as the main platform, enuming a reliable internet connection and obtaining
 the necessary because to accommodate a large staffence.
- Promotion and Registration: Promote the event through social media, academic networks, and professional communities, atilizing Georgie Forms or an event management system for participant registration.
- Technical Run-through: Hold a reheared session to meanle searches delivery and to troubleshoot any technical issues beforehand.

Webinas Execution

Preparations for the webinar execution include:

- I. Opening Session: A welcome speech delivered by the moderator.
- Keypore Presentations: Presentations by invited experts, featuring key topics presented by Asst. Prof. Dr. Nicholas Renaldo, S.E., M.M.
- 3. Panel Discussion: An interactive dialogue involving industry expens and academic professionals.
- 4. Q&A Session: An open session where participants can ask questions and engage directly with the special to
- Closing Session: Concluding numerics summarizing major insights and highlighting opportunities for litture collaboration.

Post-Webinar Activities

Post-webinar activities include

 Feedback and Survey Distribution: Circulate an online survey to evaluate participum satisfaction and collect suggestions for future improvements.

- Confibrate Iswanice: Sorid e-certificates to both participants and speakers.
 Procuedings Publication: Disseminate key insights and presentation materials through arrual and institutional
- Organia Engagement: Crante an ordine community or mailing list to marriain networking and facilitate continuous knowledge exchange.

The community service team evaluates success through participant feedback, attendance rates, and levels of engagement. We assess the webinar's impact on knowledge sharing and international collaboration. A report is then prepared, summarizing key findings and providing recommendations for future events.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Understanding International Publication Guidelines

Following international guidelines such as those provided by the Committee on Publication Ethios (COPE) and the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE) is essential for maintaining educal standards in writing, publishing, and handling ethical broaches. Researchers should familiarize themselves with these guidelines, applying key principles such as disclosing conflicts of increst, ensuring data bonests, and supporting a fair poor review process. Achiering to those standards enhances the credibility of scientific work and builds trust among publishers and readers.

Verifying Journal Quality

Publishing in reputable journals is crucial to ensure that research is recognized by the academic community and does not fill into predatory practices. To verify journal quality, researchers should check whether the journal is indexed in trusted databases such as Scopes (8 Stables et al., 2025), Web of Science, or the Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ). Additionally, assessing the journal's inquest factor through Journal Citation Reports (JCR) can help evaluate its influence in a particular field. It is important to avoid journals that lack a clear peer review process or prioritize financial gain over scientific integrity.

The one of anti-plaguerism tools like Turnitin and iThenticate is critical for detecting potential plaguerism before submitting manuscripts to journals. Researchers should utilize these tools to review their documents and revise any sections with high similarity percentages, especially where direct quotations or paraphrasing are not properly done. This practice reduces the risk of both intentional (Renaldo et al., 2022) and unintentional plagiarism and significantly improves the quality of scholarly writing

Social media is a powerful platform for sharing scientific research, but it must be used ethically to avoid misleading claims or copyright violations. Researchers are encouraged to share their work through platforms like ochGate, Linkodla, or academic Twitter accounts by posting official links to their articles. It is important to avoid sharing copyrighted versions of articles without permission and to summarize research contributions accurately without making enaggerated claims unsupported by data. Ethical pronotion through social media can: help increase the visibility and impact of research while respecting publishing and academic standards.

Open Plagiarism Cases

In one case, a researcher submitted a manuscript to an international journal; however, the methodology and data sections were found to be nearly identical to a previously published article. This case was revealed through an anti-plagier is n software check. The consequences included the retraction of the article from the journal and a significant decline in the repotation of both the researcher and the affiliated institution.

Another case involved a researcher tempted by an offer from a predatory journal promising quick publication without a peer review process. Although the article was published, it was not recognized by the academic community because the journal was not indexed in reputable databases. This led to a loss of rescarch credibility, and the work was not accepted for grant applications or academic promotions.

Data Manipulation or Salami Slicing

In another instance, data from a single research project was divided into multiple articles, each claiming original contributions without informing journal editors that the articles originated from the same dataset. As a result, the articles were retracted, and the researcher faced scadertic structions.

Tips for Maintaining Integrity in the Publication Process.

Researchers should actively use anti-plagiarism software to check every manuscript before submission to avoid both intentional and unintentional plagiarism. Careful journal varification is also cosmital; ensure the journal is indexed in trusted databases like Scopus, Web of Science, or DOAJ, and avoid journals that charge high fees without transparent publishing processes. To prevent salamisficing, researchers should fee so on developing distinct and meaningful scientific contributions for each article, and openly disclose if the same dataset is used across multiple publications. Maintaining efficial data sharing practices is crucial—only anonymized and appropriately liceused data should be uploaded to open platforms, ensuring no violation of others' rights or confidentiality. Lostly, continuous self-education about publication ethics through trainings or serminars, and referring to guidelines from COPE, ICMSE, or publishers, can help researchers stay updated and compliant with current ethical standards.

Best Practice: Positive Case Study

A notable example of efficial assearch practice involved a researcher who shared roo data from their study in an open repository, necompanied by a detailed explanation of the methodology. This step facilitated the replication of the study by other researchers and significantly enhanced the credibility of the work. As a must, the article received widesgroud citations for its transparency, and the researcher was later invited to speak at international conferences on open research practices.

CONCLUSION

Condusion

The digital on (Junacdi et al., 2023) offers numeradous opportunities to accelerate the publication process, enhance the accessibility of research, and expand ocademic impact. However, challenges such as plagianism, predictory publishing, self-plaguarism, and othical data sharing demand that academics act with greater custion and responsibility. Maintaining scientific integrity is the foundation for sustaining ucademic cretibility. Principles such as horisoly, transparancy, and respect for intellectual property rights must serve as the primary guidelines throughout the publication process.

Implestion

The application of efficial principles in scientific publication assures the credibility, transparency, and accountability of research outputs. By maintaining bonesty, respecting intellectual property nights, and promoting responsible data sharing, essearchers can foster greater trust within the academic community and society at large-lin the digital era, where information specads rapidly, adherence to publication effice strengthens the integrity of scientific knowledge and enhances the global impact of meaners.

Limitations

Despite strong othical awareness, challenges remain. Detection tools such as plagiarism software may not fully capture manced forms of mechical practices, such as sophisticated data manipulation or satisfic self-plagiarism. Additionally, limited access to trusted indexing databases and high publication costs in reputable journals may inadvertently push some researchers towards predatory journals. Assumess and resources for ethics training are also uneverly distributed access institutions.

Recommendations

Strengthen Training Programs: Academic institutions should provide regular workshops on publication ethics, including the use of anti-plagiarism software and journal or ification strategies. Promote Open Science Practices: Encourage researchers as share raw data transparently with proper aroung normal facturing an support reproducibility and academic collaboration. Implement Regeneral Internal Review: Institutions should establish ethical review committees to screen manuscripts before submission. Raise Awareness of Predatory Publishing: Dovelop accessible guidelines to help manufaces identify and model producty journals. Foster Ethical Social Media Use: Provide researches with hest practices for responsibly pointeding their research online without violating copyrights or edited standards.

Future Community Service

Future community service aritatives should focus on several things. Building Digital Literacy in Publication Ethics: Conduct community workshops, particularly for early-cureer researchers and students, on rawigating othical challenges in scientific publishing. Developing Ethics Support Centers: Establish university-based contents to offer consultation and support for researchers facing ethical differents during the publication process. Creating Open Access Reseasee Kits: Provide free online metales, templates, and checklists to guide othical writing, data-charing, and journel sefection. Collaborating with International Organizations: Partner with badies like COPE and ECME to hold joint sentings and certificate programs on publication ethics for broader academic outwards.

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